

Engaging In Spiritual Warfare

Study Questions:

I. The Enemy is real.

The devil is come: (John 10:10).

1. To _____ = to take away what rightfully belongs to the Believer through Jesus Christ.

2. To _____ = to take away life.

3. To _____ = to undo what God has done or desires to do in the life of the Believer.

Therefore we are to put on the whole _____ of God to stand against the devil. (Ephesians 6:11).

II. Some of the enemy's names according to Scripture are:

A. _____ of the brethren. (Revelation 12:10).

B. _____ = (the one against Christ) (I John 4:3).

C. _____ = (false accuser, devil, slanderer). (Matthew 4:1).

D. God (god) of this _____ . (II Corinthians 4:4).

E. Prince of the _____ of the air. (Ephesians 2:2).

F. _____ = (Hebrew = adversary, Greek = accuser). (I Chronicles 21:1).

III. How does the enemy enter into our lives?

A. The enemy may come into one's life and set up a stronghold through INVITATION.

This means that we actually _____ him into our lives to set up a stronghold. This occurs when we seek _____ power or _____ other than through God. (I Samuel 15:23).

B. A common method of the enemy is through _____.

"But every man is tempted, when he is drawn away of his own _____, and enticed" (James 1:14).

C. One of the most unrecognized methods of the enemy is through INTRUSION.

He invades our minds through our _____, visions, or dreams. (I Samuel 18:10)

D. Another method which the enemy may use is our unbridled IMAGINATION.

There are some places to which that we should not allow our mind wonder. (Romans 1:21).
Therefore we are to cast down imagination and bring every _____ captive.. (II Corinthians 10:5).

E. The enemy often enters the soul of the individual through an _____ MIND.

Our house may be swept and _____, but it is dangerous if it remains empty. (Matthew 12:43-45).

F. The enemy may also lure us into his trap through INFATUATION.

We must remember that the deceiver can do _____.(Mark 13:22). (Revelation 13:13-14).
Infatuation, often leads to an _____ which also is a type of bondage in and of itself.

G. Quite often, we people unknowingly open the door to the enemy through _____.

When we fail to forgive we don't receive forgiveness. (Matthew 6:14-15). This also opens the door to the _____ (evil spirits). (Matthew 18:35). This gives the enemy "legal _____" to enter and remain there.

H. Many people allow the enemy come in through FEAR, _____, or ANXIETY.

Which Biblical character said that he was saying that he did what was right, but knew it wouldn't do any good anyway? _____. In contrast, Peter states that we are to cast all our _____ upon God. (I Peter 5:7-8).

I. Some people allow the enemy to come in through _____.

This is doing things your own way in spite of repeated warnings. Who got sick and died because

of his stubbornness? _____. (II Chronicles 16:12-13). A Bible term for stubbornness is "_____". (II Chronicles 30:8).

J. The enemy may enter through our focusing upon _____ THOUGHTS.

Ten of the twelve spies that searched out the promised land came back with an _____ report because they looked at the negative. (Numbers 13:32-33). We are to think on what? The things that are: true, _____, just, _____, lovely, of a _____ report, of virtue, and of praise. (Philippians 4:8).

K. The enemy often enters through the door of our ANGER.

According to Genesis 4:3-7, the enemy is like a wild animal _____ at the door ready to spring through the opening. We are permitted to be angry one day, but not _____. (Ephesians 4:6-27); otherwise, we give ground to the devil.

L. The enemy may enter through GENERATIONAL _____.

God said that the curses would be passed down until the _____ generation. However, Jesus came to set us free from generational curses by dying on the _____. (Galatians 3:13-14).

M. The enemy may enter through _____ CURSES.

When we place negative judgments over others, we are subject to God's _____ ourselves. (Matthew 7:1-2). Second, word curses occur through the negative comments about us by those in _____ over us, but this also includes the negative comments _____ speak about ourselves. (Matthew 12:36-37). However, Jesus came to set the captives free and heal the _____-hearted. (Luke 4:18-19).

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IV. What is our armor? Study: (Ephesians 6:10-18).

A. The truth = The TRUTH found in Jesus is to be the _____ that holds everything up.

B. The breastplate of righteousness = This is the righteousness that we have in _____.

C. The gospel of peace = It is the peace that _____ brings.

D. The shield of faith = This is the faith that we have in the _____ of Jesus.

E. The helmet of salvation = This is the salvation that Jesus gives us. It protects our _____.

F. The sword of the Spirit = This is the Word of God, but _____ is the living Word.

G. Praying in the Spirit = This is praying in _____ according to the will of God.

V. What are our weapons? II Corinthians 10:3-5

A. The Word of God. Jesus used the Word when he was _____ by the devil. (Matthew 4:4, 7, 10). We also are to _____ the devil by the Word. (Revelation 12:11).

B. Meditation upon God. God will make us _____ than our enemies (Psalm 119:9) and keep us in perfect peace (Isaiah 26:3).

C. Revelation knowledge. This makes us strong to do _____. (Daniel 11:32).

D. The prayer of faith. This helps us take back _____ from the enemy. (James 5:15), (Matthew 17:20-21).

E. Praise. Praise is like a twoedged _____ in our hand. (Psalms 149:6-9).

F. In Name of Jesus. We can _____ and _____ the enemy to leave in the name of Jesus. (Acts 16:18, Mark 16:17-18).

G. The Blood of Jesus. This is a major way that we _____ the enemy. (Revelation 12:11, I John 2:2).

H. Submitted life. When we submit ourselves to God and _____ the enemy, he will flee. (II Timothy 2:4, James 4:7).

I. Obedience. When we are obedient, God promises that the enemy will flee _____ ways before us. (Deuteronomy 28:7). (Deuteronomy 28:13).

J. A pure conscience. If we don't have faith and a pure conscience, we will end up _____. (Acts 24:16, I Timothy 1:18).

K. Unity. One will be able to chase a thousand, but two can put _____ thousand to flight. (Deuteronomy 32:30). When _____ ask in agreement, Jesus said that they may receive from the Father. (Matthew 18:19).

L. The Fulness of the Spirit. It the power of the Holy Spirit that enables us to _____ the enemy. (Exodus 14:24, Zechariah 4:6).

Scripture References:

John 10:10	Ephesians 6:11	Revelation 12:10	I John 4:3
Matthew 4:1	II Corinthians 4:4	I Chronicles 21:1	I Samuel 15:23
James 1:14	I Samuel 18:10	Romans 1:21	II Corinthians 10:5
Matthew 12:43-45	Mark 13:22	Revelation 13:13-14	Matthew 6:14-15
Hebrews 12:15	Matthew 18:35	Job 3:25-26	I Peter 5:7-8
II Chronicles 30:8	Numbers 13:32-33	Philippians 4:8	II Chronicles 16:12-13
Genesis 4:3-7	Ephesians 4:6-27	Exodus 20:5	Lamentations 5:7
Psalms 18:23	Galatians 3:13-14	Matthew 7:1-2	Matthew 12:36-37
Luke 4:18-19	Ephesians 6:10-18	Matthew 4:4	II Corinthians 10:3-5
Matthew 4:7	Matthew 4:10	Matthew 4:11	Revelation 12:11
Psalms 119:98	Isaiah 26:3	Daniel 11:32	Hosea 4:6
James 5:15	Matthew 17:20-21	Psalms 149:6-9	Ephesians 6:10ff
Acts 16:18	Mark 16:17-18	Revelation 12:11	I John 2:2
II Timothy 2:4	James 4:7	Deuteronomy 28:7	Deuteronomy 28:13
Acts 24:16	I Timothy 1:18	Deuteronomy 32:30	Matthew 18:19
Exodus 14:24	Zechariah 4:6		

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